4.4 – Solving a Third-Degree Equation

In this unit we will be solving third-degree equations. Third-degree equations contain a variable that has an exponent of three.

Class Notes – State the degree of each equation. Identify the equation as a first-degree equation, second-degree equation, or a third degree equation.

LP#1	w + 3 = 15	$y^2 = 36$	$3z^3 = 375$
$x^{3} = 8$			
LP#2	$32 = 4w^3$	10z = 120	$4x^2 = 400$
$x^3 + 1 = 28$			
LP#3	$y^3 = 216$	$x^2 = 4x^3$	$x^2 - x = 12$
$w^3 + w^2 = w + 6$			

Class Notes – A solution to each equation is given. Check to see if the solution is correct or incorrect.

LP#4	$x^3 = 125$	$x^3 = 9$	$x^3 = 64$
	x = 5	x = 3	x = 4
	2	2	-
LP#5	$x^3 + 1 = 28$	$32 = 4w^3$	$3z^3 = 375$
	x = 3	w = 4	z = 5

LP#6	$4x^2 = 400$	$x^3 = 27$
$x^3 = 216$		
L.P#7	x ³ 9	* ³ 1
20 2 15	x = 0	x = 1
w + 20 = 3w - 15		
LP#8	$r^2 = 49$	$r^3 = 1000$
$r^{3} - 64$		<i>x</i> 1000
x = 04		

Class Notes – Solve each third-degree equation and check. If you do not solve an equation, explain why.

D #4	
R#1	$x^3 = 27$
$x^{-} = 123$	
D#2	3 0
	$x^{-} = \delta$
$r^3 - 729$	
x = 125	
D #2	
R#3	$x^3 = 1000$
3 510	
$x^{\circ} = 512$	

Review – Solve each third-degree equation and check.

Homework

Evaluate. **3**) $10^3 =$ **4**) $5^3 =$ **5**) $6^3 =$ **1**) $3^3 =$ **2**) $8^3 =$ **7**) $4^3 =$ **9**) $1^3 =$ **10**) $2^3 =$ **6**) $9^3 =$ 8) $7^3 =$ Solve each third-degree equation and check. 11) $x^3 = 1000$ **12**) $x^3 = 512$ **13**) $x^3 = 216$ 14) $x^3 = 729$ **15**) $x^3 = 125$ **16**) $x^3 = 8$ **18**) $x^3 = 27$ **17**) $x^3 = 343$ **19**) $x^3 = 64$