### 3.3 Solving First-Degree Equations Involving One Step - Part I

Class Notes - A solution to each equation is given. Check to see if the solution is correct or incorrect.

| LP\#1 $\begin{aligned} & x+5=8 \\ & x=3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & x-8=7 \\ & x=18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 x=36 \\ & x=8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{x}{9}=3 \\ & x=27 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LP\#2 $\begin{aligned} & 75=100-x \\ & x=15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19+x=52 \\ & x=33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{x}{22}=3 \\ & x=66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 156=12 x \\ & x=12 \end{aligned}$ |



Go to http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Equations\#Properties. Read the section titled "Properties".

| State which property to use here. | Solve each equation here. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $x+6=79$ |
|  | $x-9=37$ |
|  | $5 x=65$ |
|  |  |

Class Notes - Solve each first-degree equation and check. If you do not solve an equation, explain why.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{LP} \# 3 \\ & y+8=20 \end{aligned}$ | $x-6=10$ | $\mathrm{x}^{2}+1=26$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LP\#4 | $\mathrm{h}^{4}+\mathrm{h}=6$ | $y+96=56$ |
| LP\#5 | $4 x^{3}=32$ | $-36=4 b$ |
| LP\#6 | $-42=-7 x$ | $-2 \mathrm{~d}=84$ |

Class Notes - Solve each equation for $x$.

| LP\#7 <br> $x-m=p$ <br> $x$ | $w=x+y$ | $h+x=k$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LP\#8 <br> $6 x=r$ | $c=-11 x$ | $15 p=3 x$ |
|  |  |  |

Review - Solve each first-degree equation and check. If you do not solve an equation, explain.

| R\#1 <br> $15 \mathrm{x}=60$ | $\mathrm{x}-15=49$ | $\mathrm{k}^{3}+1=28$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\frac{x}{14}=9$ |
| R\#2 <br> $10-\mathrm{w}=87$ | $\mathrm{~m}^{2}=\mathrm{m}+6$ |  |
|  |  |  |


| R\#3 <br> $4 \mathrm{p}^{2}=100$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  | $8 \mathrm{k}=96$ | $76+\mathrm{x}=32$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

## Homework -

Solve each first-degree equation and check. If you do not solve an equation, explain.

1) $x-8=32$
2) $18-y=52$
3) $10 x^{3}=90$
4) $56+\mathrm{b}=29$
5) $\mathrm{p}-18=92$
6) $24-w=68$
7) $67+x=23$
8) $124+\mathrm{k}=18$
9) $x^{2}+5=54$
10) $\mathrm{f}+76=27$
11) $212+v=197$
12) $131+g=17$
13) $6 x=54$
14) $\frac{x}{12}=4$
15) $13 y=65$
16) $k^{4}+10=k$
17) $9 w=108$
18) $\frac{x}{5}=21$
19) $20 x=140$
20) $\frac{x}{21}=6$
21) $7 \mathrm{k}=98$
22) $\frac{x}{6}=14$
23) $96=6 x^{2}$
24) $\frac{x}{14}=3$
25) $32+\mathrm{m}=18$
26) $56-\mathrm{d}=102$
27) $\frac{x}{18}=6$
28) $4 m=76$

Solve each equation for $x$.
29) $x+m=p$
30) $w=x-y$
31) $h-x=k$
32) $3 x=r$
33) $c=-7 x$
34) $25 p=5 x$

## Synthesis

Simplify both sides of the equation. Do not solve.
35) $20(x-6)+8=4+x-116$
36) $4(y+7)-3=y+30-5$
37) $-15+10 w+4=2(6 w-8)+2$
38) $5(v-2)=8(v-4)$
39) $2(x+5)=4(x-10)$
40) $3(m+6)=6(m+12)$

A solution for $x$ is given for each equation. Check to see if the solution is correct or incorrect.
41) $x+y=w$
42) $3 x=r$
43) $p-x=m$
44) $\frac{x}{8}=h$
$x=w-y$
$x=3 r$
$\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{p}$

$$
x=8 h
$$

